## IN THE CLAIMS:

Please amend the claims as follows:



- 15. (Twice amended) A method of identifying a compound that directly decreases Annexin-based multidrug resistance (MDR) in a cell having been rendered MDR by an expression of an Annexin, comprising:
- a) incubating said cell with a drug to which said cell is resistant in the presence or absence of a candidate compound; and
- b) assessing the effect of said candidate compound on the resistance of said cell to said drug;

wherein a candidate compound is selected, when the resistance of said cell to said drug is measurably lower in the presence of said compound as compared to in the absence thereof.

- 16. The method of claim 15, wherein said cell is a cell having been rendered multidrug resistant (MDR) by an expression of an Annexin nucleic acid molecule.
- 17. The method of claim 15, wherein said compound is selected from the group consisting of a nucleic acid molecule encoding an Annexin variant, or a part thereof, a dominant negative mutant of an Annexin, a mutant

Annexin, an antibody to Annexin a peptide, and a small molecule.

18. (Amended) The method of claim 17, wherein said candidate compound is an Annexin I antisense nucleic acid.



19. (Twice amended) The method of claim 15, wherein said drug is an anticancer drug.



- 20. (Amended) A method of directly decreasing
  Annexin-based MDR in a cell having been rendered MDR by
  an expression of an Annexin comprising: administering
  thereto an effective amount of a compound selected from
  the group consisting of a nucleic acid molecule, a
  dominant negative mutant of an Annexin, a mutant Annexin
  protein, an antibody to Annexin, a peptide, and a small
  molecule, whereby said effective amount of said compound
  decreases Annexin-based MDR in said cell.
- 21. The method of claim 20, wherein said Annexin-based MDR is Annexin I-based.

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- 22. (Twice amended) The method of claim 21, wherein said compound is an Annexin I antisense nucleic acid.
- 23. (Twice amended) The method of claim 21, wherein said compound is a calcium chelator or a calcium channel blocker.
- 32. A method of conferring drug resistance to a cell, comprising an increase in the expression of an Annexin protein, whereby said increased expression is capable of conferring MDR in said cell.
- 33. The method of claim 32, wherein said Annexin protein is Annexin I.

Please cancel claims 34 to 36.

Please add the following new claims.

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37. (New) A method of identifying a compound that directly increases Annexin-based multidrug resistance (MDR) in a cell having been rendered MDR by an expression of an Annexin, comprising:

- a) incubating said cell with a drug to which said cell is resistant in the presence or absence of a candidate compound; and
- b) assessing the effect of said candidate compound on the resistance of said cell to said drug;

wherein a candidate compound is selected, when the resistance of said cell to said drug is measurably higher in the presence of said compound as compared to in the absence thereof.

- 38. (New) The method of claim 37, wherein said cell is a cell having been rendered multidrug resistant (MDR) by an expression of an Annexin nucleic acid molecule.
- 39. (New) A method of directly increasing Annexin-based MDR in a cell having been rendered MDR by an expression of an Annexin comprising: administering thereto an effective amount of a compound selected from the group consisting of a nucleic acid molecule, a dominant positive mutant of an Annexin, a mutant Annexin protein and a peptide, and a small molecule whereby said effective amount of said compound increases Annexin-based MDR in said cell.

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